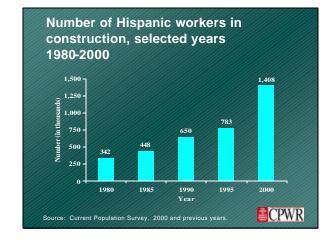
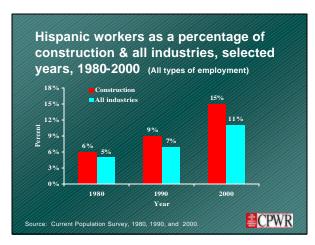


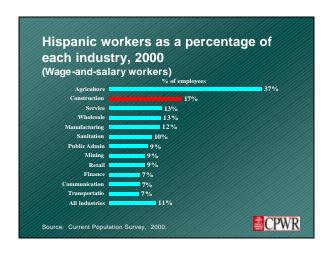
Profile of Hispanic workers in construction

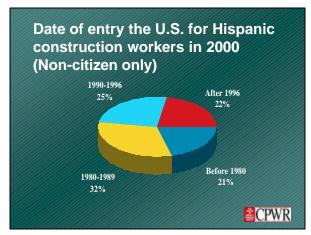
- > 1.4 million Hispanic workers in construction in 2000, 15% of the total construction workforce; a 312% increase between 1980-2000
- > >25% construction workers are Hispanic in the West
- 20% of total fatal occupational injuries occurred in construction
- Hispanic construction fatalities nationally more than doubled from 1992 to 2000 (108-278)

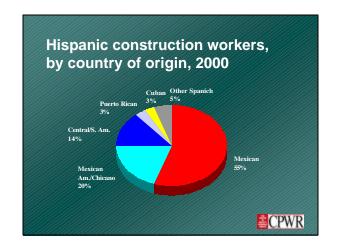


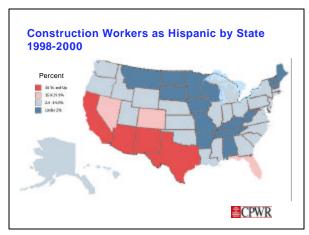


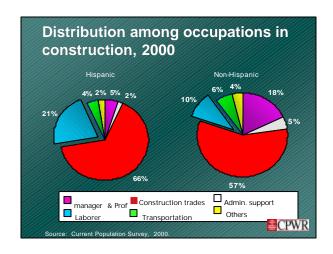


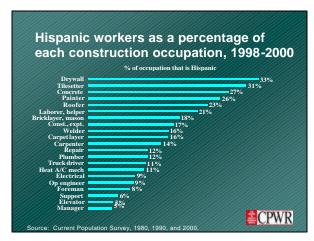


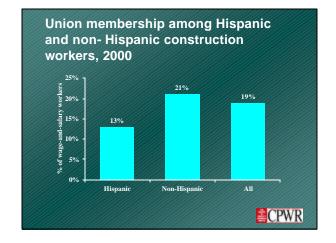


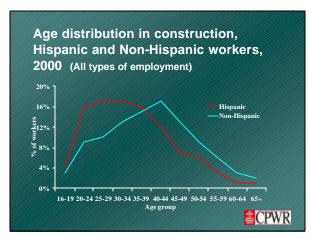


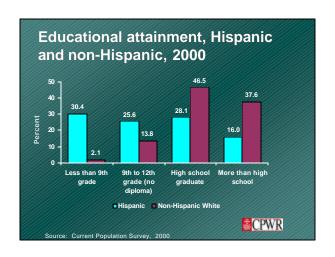


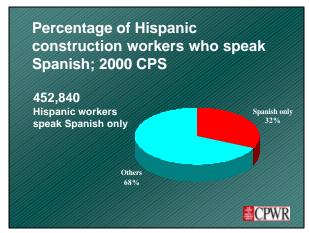


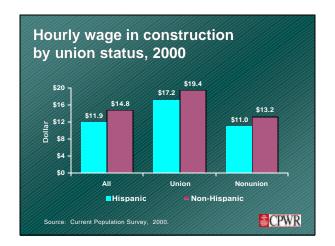


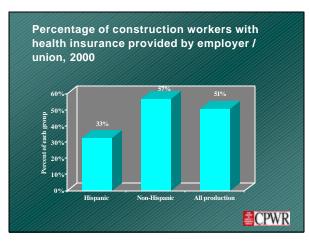






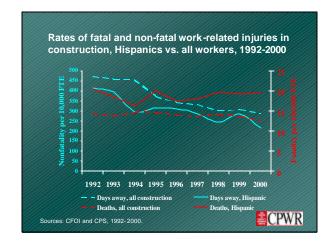


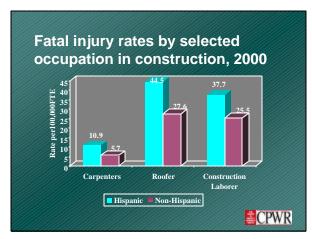












Relative Risk of Hispanic Fatal Injury 1996-2000 (95% C.I.)

Helpers, Constr Trade	2.31 (1.41-3.80)
Roofers	1.77 (1.38-2.28)
Drywall Installers	1.75 (0.95-3.25)
Carpenters	1.39 (1.08-1.79)
Construction Laborers	1.31 (1.17-1.46)
	■ CDWD

Hispanic Fatal Injuries 1996-2000 in Construction

Year	Hispanic Fatalities	RR (95% CI)		
1996	137	1.48(1.24-1.77)		
1997	167	1.44(1.22-1.70)		
1998	215	1.82(1.57-2.12)		
1999	225	1.62(1.40-1.88)		
2000	278	1.84(1.60-2.10)		

Percent of Fatalities from Falls,1996-2000

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	Avg.
Fall, Lower Level						
Hispanic	35.0%	34.1%	38.6%	35.6%	38.9%	36.8%
Non-His	28.4	33.6	28.9	30.0	28.8	29.8
Fall, Other						
Hispanic	0.7%	1.2%	0.5%	0%	0.7%	0.7%
Non-His	0.7	0.4	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.6

Event & Nature of Fatal Injuries

- Hispanic Construction Workers die more in falls to lower level (36.8% vs. 29.8%)
- Hispanic Construction Workers die more frequently of head injuries (30% vs 25%)
- Hispanic Construction Workers may be somewhat less likely to die in Vehicles



Construction Fatal Injuries by Establishment Size, 1992-2001

	1-10 employees	11-20	21-50	51-99	100+
Hispanic	45.0%	13.0%	17.3%	9.4%	15.3%
Non- Hispanic	51.5%	11.8%	14.9%	8.0%	13.6%



Conclusions

- · Hispanic Construction Workers are in higher risk occupations
- Even considering their occupations, **Hispanic Construction Workers are at** significantly higher risk of fatal injury
- Higher rates of Falls to a lower level and associated head injuries are primary
- 45% of Hispanic Construction Fatalities are in Employers £10 employees

Barriers

- > Economic Security/Power
- >Literacy
- >Transportation/Access to Safe Work
- > Language/Communication
- ➤ Culture/Social Supports/Networks



For more information, please read:

The Construction Chart Book The U.S. Construction Industry and Its Workers

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